



# Are we there yet? Destination SAHPRA

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Bytes Conference Centre (Midrand)

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# Overview

- Introduction
- History of MCC Review
- Status of SAHPRA
- SAHPRA versus MCC
- Closure



# Medicines Control Council (MCC)



## The Medicines and Related Substances Act, 1965

- Enacted 1965
- Provides for certain powers:
  - Minister of Health
  - Director General: Health
  - Medicines Control Council (MCC)
- MCC mandate:
  - Registration of medicines : Safety, quality and efficacy
  - Licensing of Manufacturers, Wholesalers, Importers
  - Authorization conduct of clinical trials





# History of MCC Review



## Historical

- 1998: Review of medicine regulatory system – Prof Graham Dukes
- 1998: Operational and Financial review - KPMG
- 1998: Transitional Task Team – Prof Helen Rees
- 1999: SAMDRA Act and its repeal
- 2002: Medical Technical Task – Ms Precious Matsoso (WHO)
- 2006: Parliament directed review – Prof Green-Thomson
- 2008: Act 72 of 2008
- 2012: Business case: Nicholas Crisp
- 2014: Transitional Task Team – Prof Helen Rees
- 2015: Act 14 of 2015

**Reviews support the transition to a new business model to allow for:**

- Service delivery**
- Communication**
- Operational processes**





# SAHPRA



## The Medicines and Related Substances Act, 1965 Amended

- Act 72 of 2008: **Establish SAHPRA**
  - 3 A Public Entity
  - Extended the mandate to include Medical Devices
- Act 14 of 2015: Transitional arrangements : MCC to SAHPRA
  - Appointment of a Governance Board
  - Expand oversight of Medical Devices to include *IVD's*
  - Address transitional arrangements from MCC to SAHPRA
    - Work of the MCC
    - Staff
    - Assets and contracts





# SAHPRA ....cont



SAHPRA is proposed to:

- have **full-time in-house capacity** to support product review & approval and oversee all regulatory functions
- establish **cooperation and information** sharing with other NRAs to support implementation of best practices and timely approval of products

SAHPRA will be responsible for:

- monitoring, evaluation, regulation, investigation, inspection, registration and control of medicines, clinical trials and medical devices and related matters in the public interest.





# Status of SAHPRA ....cont

- Act 72/2008 enacted: 1 June 2017
  - This enacted also Act 14 of 2015
- General Regulations prepared on SAHPRA Act
  - Regulations for publication: 11 August 2017
- Minister: calls for nominations for the Board to be appointed
  - Advertisement for Board members – deadline 30 June 2017
  - Board consists of 10-15 members
  - Skills of the Board identified in the Act
    - One person each: Law, governance, finance, HR, IT
    - 10 members: medicine, medical devices & IVDs, vigilance, GMP, clinical trials, public health or epidemiology
  - Nominations received: under consideration



# Status of SAHPRA ....cont

- Minister: calls for 1st meeting of the Board
  - Orientation of the Board
  - MCC will cease to exist with 1<sup>st</sup> Board meeting
  - Board appoint CEO
  - Board appointment committees to assist with work of the Board
  - CEO appoint committees to assist with work of Authority
  - Authority works through the Board
- DOH staff to transfer to SAHPRA
  - Section 197 transfer
  - Staff component: 207





# Status of SAHPRA ....cont

Business case developed for SAHPRA by Project Team

- Statutory and Legal
- Media
- Human Resources – Organisational Development
- Human Resources – Policies
- Job descriptions
- CEO performance agreement
- Finance
- Information Technology
- Implementation plan



# SAHPRA Business model

## Requirements:

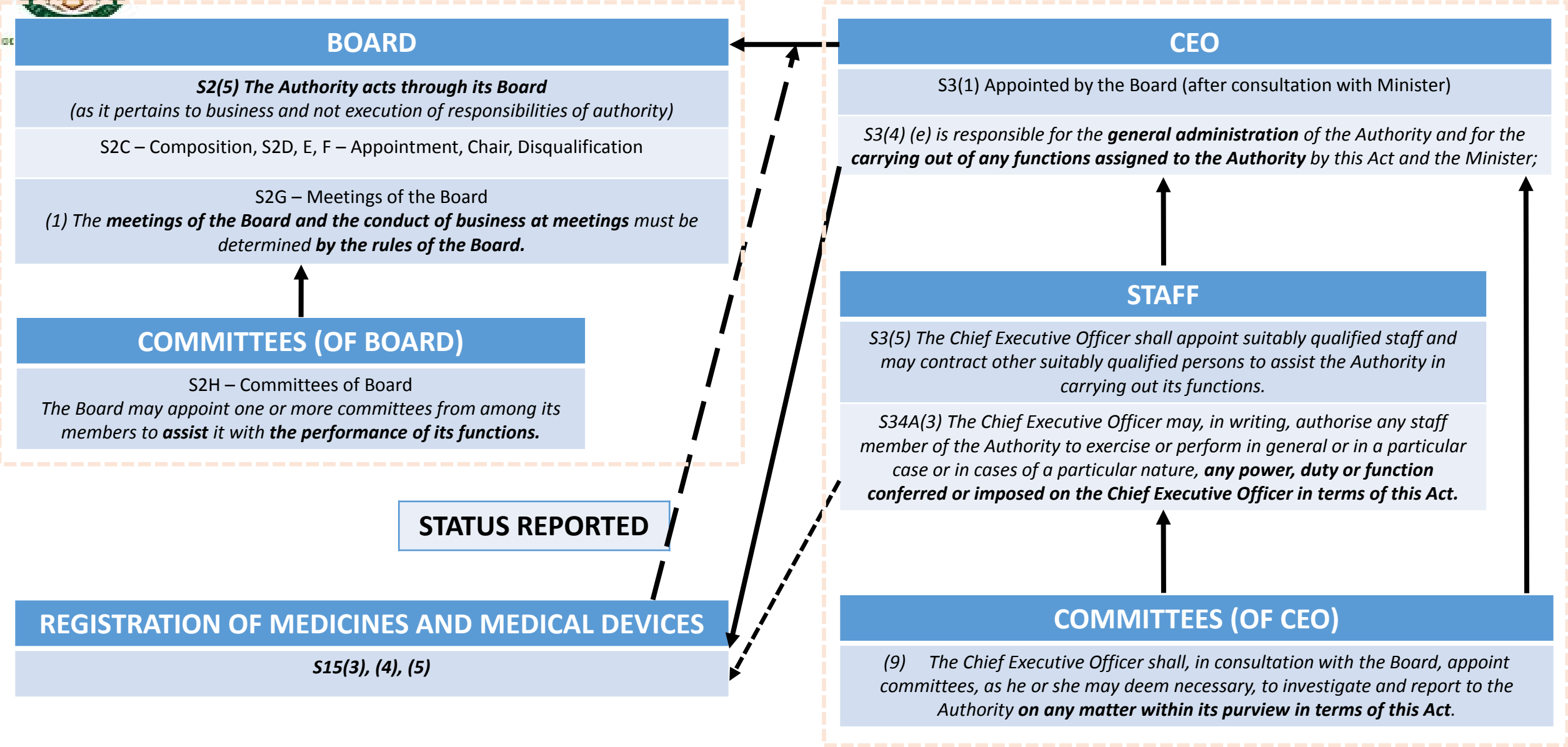
- effective, efficient and transparent systems of financial and risk management and internal control
- a system of internal audit under the control and direction of an audit committee complying with and operating in accordance with regulations and instructions prescribed in the PFMA
- an appropriate procurement and provisioning system which is fair, equitable, transparent, competitive and cost-effective



# SAHPRA



S2(1) The South African Health Products Regulatory Authority is hereby established as an organ of state within the public administration but outside the public service.





# SAHPRA versus MCC

- Business model based on business principles
- Staff employment: reporting lines – SAHPRA
- Performance driven (In-house and External staff)
- Registration and Authorizations issued by Authority
- Transparency
- Retain revenue
- MoU with other Regulators
  - Allow for acceptance of international evaluation reports



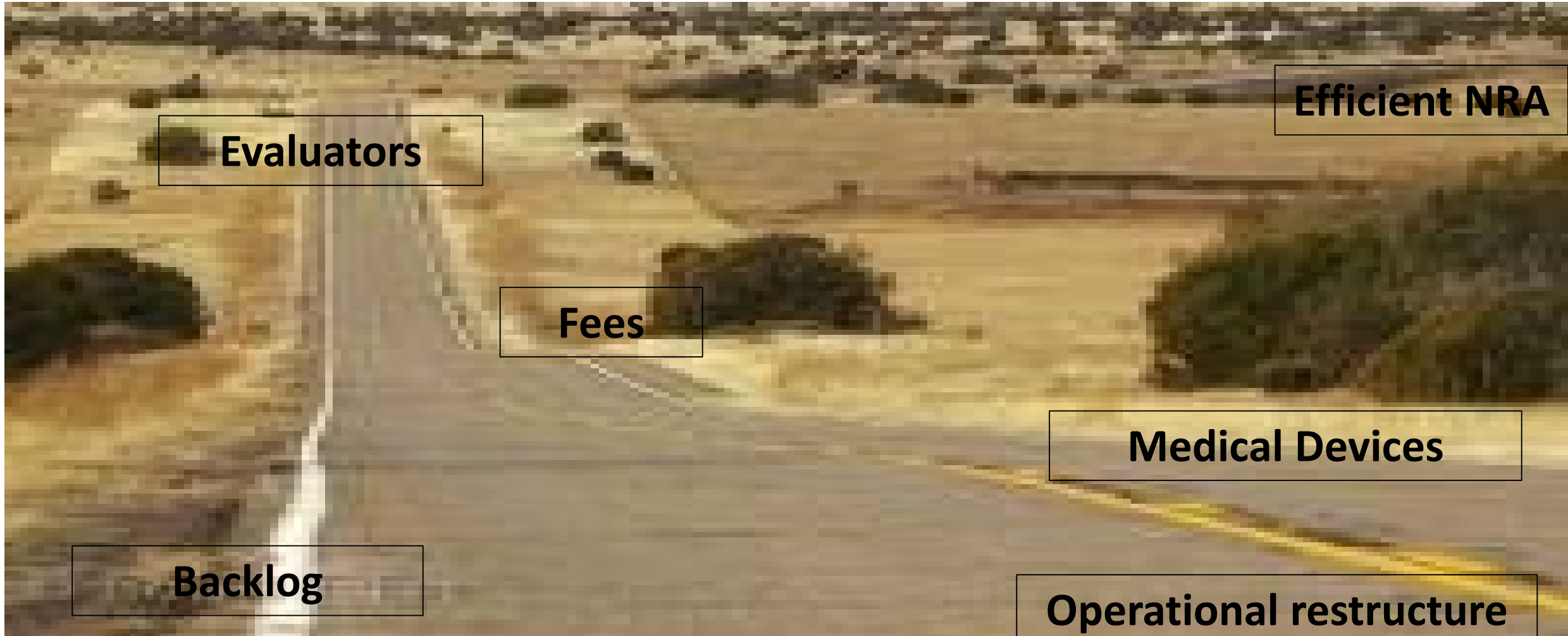
# SAHPRA vs. Existing Model

## The fundamental differences



SAHPRA	Existing Model
Medicines, Devices (incl. IVD's and Radiation Control), CAMS	Medicines, (Radiation Control part of NDOH)
System driven	Paper driven
Service delivery with defined timelines	Service delivery with backlogs
Fully resourced	Under resourced
Increased employed and contracted evaluators (80/20)	Limited employed evaluators (20/80)
Public entity – Fully accountable	Part of the Department of Health
Transparent industry relations	Stretched industry relations
Increased and retained fee income	No fee retention
Agency format	Traditional government format
Proactive performance measurement (managed service levels)	Reactive
Accrual based accounting	Cash based accounting

# Closure



**Evaluators**

**Fees**

**Medical Devices**

**Backlog**

**Operational restructure**

**Efficient NRA**



**Thank you !**  
**[www.mccza.com](http://www.mccza.com)**